

RESONANT PANEL-FORM LOUDSPEAKER

5

INS
A1 >

10

DESCRIPTION

15

TECHNICAL FIELD

The invention relates to loudspeakers and more particularly to resonant panel-form loudspeakers and panel-form loudspeaker drive units ~~either~~ alone or when integrated with another article, e.g. a picture frame, display cabinet, visual display screen, mirror and the like incorporating translucent or transparent glass-like panels, or laptop and the like personal computers including personal organisers, hand-held and the like computers having a display screen or hand-held and the like telephone receivers, e.g. mobile telephones having a display screen, and to modules comprising a display screen which can be driven as a loudspeaker for incorporation into an article such as those set out above.

Such resonant panel-form loudspeakers are generally described in International patent application WO97/09842, and have become known as distributed mode (or DM) loudspeakers (or DML).

5

BACKGROUND ART

It is known to suggest driving the transparent face of a wristwatch to act as a buzzer or sounder i.e. to emit simple sound tones, e.g. to act as an alarm for the wearer of the wristwatch.

10 It is among the objects of the invention to provide a resonant transparent panel-form member which can be driven as a loudspeaker, e.g. to reproduce speech or music.

It is another object of the invention to enhance the functionality of a resonant panel loudspeaker to enable 15 direct user input.

DISCLOSURE OF INVENTION

According to the invention a loudspeaker ^{assembly} ~~drive unit~~ comprises a display screen, a resonant panel-form member, at least a portion of which is transparent and through which the display screen is visible and ^a vibration exciting ~~transducer~~ ^{means} to cause the panel-form member to resonate to act as an acoustic radiator.

From one aspect the invention is a display screen module e.g. for a visual display unit (VDU), comprising a 25 display screen, a resonant panel-form member, at least a portion of which is transparent and through which the display screen is visible and ^a vibration exciting ^{transducer} ~~means~~ to cause the panel-form member to resonate to act as an

acoustic radiator or loudspeaker.

From another aspect the invention is an article of the nature of a picture frame or holder, display cabinet, visual display apparatus, mirror or the like having an article area or surface to be viewed, comprising a resonant panel-form member, at least a portion of which is transparent or translucent through which the display area or surface or article is visible, or at least through which light from the display area is transmittable and vibration exciting ^{transducer} means to cause the panel-form member to resonate to act as an acoustic radiator or loudspeaker.

From another aspect the invention is a telephone receiver or the like, e.g. a mobile telephone or cell phone, comprising a display screen, a resonant panel-form member, at least a portion of which is transparent and through which the display screen is visible and vibration exciting ^{transducer} means to cause the panel-form member to resonate to act as an acoustic radiator or loudspeaker.

The resonant panel-form member may be of rigid plastics, e.g. polystyrene or may be of glass or other rigid transparent material.

More than one vibration exciting ^{transducer} means may be provided to apply bending wave energy to the panel-form member to cause it to resonate to produce an acoustic output. Such plural vibration exciters may be driven with the same signal to give a monaural output or may be driven separately to provide multi-channel, e.g. stereo, output. The or each drive ^{exciter} means may be mounted to an edge or

1992-1993

The vibration exciters may alternatively or additionally comprise a piezoelectric (e.g. of PVDF or PLZT material) or an electret film, e.g. a transparent piezoelectric or an electret film. The piezoelectric or electret material may be laminated or fused or otherwise bonded or embedded onto or into a part or the whole of the panel-form member, whether of glass, plastics or a composite of glass and plastics. Transparent conductors

may also be provided on or in the panel to energise the vibration exciters.

The loudspeaker or loudspeaker drive unit may be of the general kind described in International patent application number WO97/09842, ^{and U.S. 08/707,012} _^ Thus the loudspeaker may comprise a member capable of sustaining and propagating input vibrational energy by bending waves in at least one operative area extending transversely of thickness to have resonant mode vibration components distributed over said at least one area and having a vibration exciter mounted on said member to vibrate the member to cause it to resonate forming an acoustic radiator which provides an acoustic output when resonating.

One or more marginal portions of the panel-form member may be clamped or restrained. The whole periphery of the panel-form member may be mechanically clamped.

The panel-form member may be mounted in means enclosing one face of the panel-form member whereby acoustic radiation from the said one face is at least partly contained within the enclosure or cavity, in the manner of an infinite baffle loudspeaker. The enclosure or cavity may be such as to modify the modal behaviour of the panel as described in International patent application PCT/GB99/01048, ^{see Annex B.} _^

The panel-form member may form the face of a visual display unit or the like, e.g. the outer transparent protective surface of or over the visual display screen, e.g. a liquid crystal display or plasma display of a lap-

top or the like computer. A polymer-film liquid crystal display may be bonded or otherwise mounted on or integrated with the panel-form member, whereby the loudspeaker and visual display functions are integrated.

5 The resonant panel-form member may have a user-accessible surface and means on or associated with the surface and responsive to user contact. The user responsive means may act as a touch control means, e.g. whereby the user can enter instructions or provide
10 information, e.g. to apparatus associated with the loudspeaker.

Thus for example the loudspeaker may form a control panel, e.g. for a vending machine of the kind described in International patent application WO97/09842, ^{and U.S. 08/707,012} or may
15 control operation of a computer.

The user responsive means may comprise visible or invisible areas, delineated by printing or labelling as required or if visible by a contact or metallisation, which may use capacitative or conductive or alternative
20 methods of sensing the immediate presence or contact by a person, finger etc. Pressure switches may also be attached to the surface or embedded within. For both transparent and translucent speaker types these and other well-known methods may be used.

25 The resonant speaker panel may also be combined with other methods for sensing which include matrices of light emitting devices and receptors, e.g. photodiodes and/or photocells round the perimeter of the panel and which

sense the position, e.g. of a finger directed at a point on the panel.

Where metallised contacts are used these may be of the metal oxide film or thin metal film type and may thereby be rendered transparent if required, including the related wiring. Thus both the contact areas and the connective wiring to the edge of the panel may be designed so as not to impair the optical properties of the panel.

Applications include touch screen control for transparent computer and video display resonant panel loudspeakers, for translucent display and lighting resonant panel speakers, and for automated ticket machine (ATM) and vending machine applications. Many other categories are indicated for example in consumer electronics such as a speaking or sound informing resonant touch panel for a remote control unit, whether illuminated or not, or applied to a mobile telephone display of suitable area, or combining a display, a loudspeaker and a control panel with illumination. With the development of mobile video telephones the concept offers further engineering value with the transparent touch type speaker panel also forming part of the video display assembly or associated design.

User feedback of control settings via the resonant speaker panel with incorporated switch buttons would find utility in the control sections of hi-fi and audio equipment, particularly where complex setting up is required for example in home theatre systems.

Also domestic appliances, e.g. dishwashers, washing machines would benefit from the addition of this technology, as would industrial instrumentation, display orientated instructions such as analysers and 5 oscilloscopes.

The invention could be applied to laptop and other computer controls, points of sales data systems, personal, stock control and labelling devices, and also to automotive navigation units, dashboard displays with a 10 'window' comprising a resonant panel speaker design, point of sale products with sound output and facility for user/customer data entry or control of operational information, and similarly for educational display units for museums, zoos etc, ^{and} interactive audio visual devices.

15

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF DRAWINGS

The invention is diagrammatically illustrated, by way of example, in the accompanying drawings, in which:-

Figure 1 is a perspective view of a laptop computer with the lid raised to show a computer keypad and a 20 display screen;

Figure 2 is a partial cross-sectional view through the lid of the laptop computer of Figure 1;

Figure 3 is a perspective view of a mobile radio, telephone or cell phone having a keypad and a display 25 screen;

Figure 4 is a partial longitudinal cross-sectional view through the mobile telephone of Figure 1;

Figure 5 is an exploded perspective view of a picture

00752330 "040004
11/03/2000 09:00:00

perspective view and a cross-sectional side view of a module generally as shown in Figures 8 and 9 and comprising a touch pad, and

Figure 17 is a partial diagrammatic perspective view of display screen/loudspeaker drive unit applied to a television.

BEST MODES FOR CARRYING OUT THE INVENTION

In Figures 1 and 2 of the drawings a laptop computer 20 comprises a body 21 having a keypad 27 and a lid 22 hinged at 28 to the body to overlie the keypad when closed and to disclose a visual display screen 23 when raised or opened as shown. In Figure 1, the lid is shown partly broken away to reveal hidden detail.

The laptop lid 22 is formed with a surrounding peripheral lip 29 to define a shallow container or enclosure 30 in which is mounted a liquid crystal display (LCD) screen 23 visible through a rectangular transparent protective cover 24 in the form of a resonant-panel-form member, e.g. of the general kind described in WO97/09842, ^{and U.S. 02/707,012} 20 suspended in the lid along all four edges, i.e. the two side edges 31 the top edge 33 and the bottom edge 32, by means of an interposed resilient suspension 25, e.g. of foamed rubber strip. Two pairs of moving coil inertial vibration exciters 26 are mounted on the top edge 33 of 25 the panel-form cover 24 near to the sides 31 to drive the panel to resonate to act as a loudspeaker and the exciters are supported on resilient suspensions 34, e.g. of foamed rubber, fixed to the lid. The exciters are hidden behind a

return flange 35 of the peripheral lip 29 and thus are invisible in use.

Although the pairs of exciters are shown attached to the top edge of the panel, it might be preferable, where 5 multi-channel, e.g. stereo, audio operation is required, to separate the pairs of exciters still further by mounting them on opposite sides of the panel, to provide better stereo separation.

The transparent panel-form member 24 may be of 10 polystyrene, polycarbonate or similar or a composite of glass and plastics, e.g. a plastics or aerogel core with glass skins. Where the panel-form member has a plastics face, it may be given a scratch resistant coating.

In Figures 3 and 4 of the drawings a mobile radio 15 telephone or cell phone 40 comprises a casing 41 containing, in conventional fashion, a radio transmitter and receiver (not shown), an aerial 42 projecting from the casing for sending and receiving radio signals, a display screen 43 mounted in the casing, a keypad 44 in the casing 20 adjacent to the display screen and through which the device is operated, and a microphone 49.

As shown in Figure 4 the casing 41 is formed with an aperture defined by a surrounding peripheral lip 45 below which is mounted the display screen generally indicated by 25 reference 43, and comprising e.g. a liquid crystal display (LCD) 51, which is visible through a rectangular transparent protective cover 46 in the form of a resonant panel-form member which covers the aperture and which is

suspended in and sealed to the casing along its periphery by means of resilient suspension e.g. of foamed rubber strip 47 interposed between the inner face of the lip 45 and the peripheral margin of the panel-form member 46. An inertial moving coil vibration exciter 48 is mounted on the top edge of the transparent panel-form cover member to drive the panel to resonate to act as a loudspeaker in the general manner taught in WO97/09842 ^{and U.S. 6,707,012}. The exciter 48 is supported on a resilient suspension 50, e.g. of foamed rubber, fixed to the casing. The exciter is hidden behind the peripheral lip 45 of the aperture in the casing and thus is invisible in use. The transparent panel-form member may be of polystyrene, polycarbonate or similar or a composite of glass and plastics, e.g. a plastics or aerogel core with glass skins. Where the panel-form member 46 has a plastics face, it may be given a scratch resistant coating.

It is intended that the loudspeaker may be used normally, i.e. with the loudspeaker placed adjacent the user's ear for privacy, or with the volume raised as a 'hands free' telephone. A mechanical buzzer, i.e. a no-sound alert, may be incorporated in the loudspeaker. Such a buzzer may utilise the vibration exciter 48 or may be a separate device.

Figure 5 shows a wall hanging picture or photograph frame assembly 60 comprising a rectangular front frame 61 having a hanging wire 68 adapted to engage a wall hook to support the picture in position, and a rectangular

transparent panel-form member 62 forming a protective cover over a picture 63. As can be seen from Figure 7a, the front frame 61 is formed with a surrounding peripheral lip 64 defining an aperture through which the picture/ photograph 63 or the like is visible through the transparent protective cover 62 which is in the form of a resonant panel-form member resiliently suspended in the frame 61 along its periphery by means of an interposed resilient suspension 65, e.g. of foamed rubber strip. A back frame 67 mates with the front frame 61 and carries a second resilient suspension 65 whereby the periphery of the panel 62 is supported from both sides. The back frame 67 carries a picture back 69 on which the picture 63 is mounted in any convenient fashion.

Two moving coil inertial vibration exciters 66 are mounted on the top edge 67 of the panel-form cover member to drive the panel to resonate to act as a loudspeaker. The exciters are hidden behind the peripheral lip 64 and thus are invisible in use. The panel-form member may be of transparent polystyrene, polycarbonate or similar or a composite of glass and plastics, e.g. a plastics or aerogel core with glass skins. Where the panel-form member has a plastics face, it may be given a scratch resistant coating. With this arrangement the picture may easily be changed when desired.

Although the arrangement of Figure 5 is intended for wall mounting, it will be appreciated that the picture/photograph frame assembly 60 could, if desired, be

made to be free-standing with the addition of a generally conventional rear stand.

Figure 6 shows a free-standing display cabinet 70 which is generally cuboid and comprises a plinth 71, a top 5 72, and four transparent display windows 73, one on each side of the cabinet, extending between the plinth and top.

In this cabinet one or more, e.g. all four, windows 73 can be arranged to act as resonant panel-form loudspeakers with the aid of vibration exciters 74, substantially in 10 the manner described in WO97/09842. *and U.S. 08/707,015*

The display cabinet 70 of Figures 6 and 7b is constructed and functions in much the same manner as is shown in Figures 5 and 7a with respect to the picture frame assembly 60. Thus the rectangular resonant 15 transparent panel-form member 73 is resiliently suspended between foam rubber or the like strips 75 in the top 72 and plinth 71 of the cabinet and inertial vibration exciters 74 are mounted on the panel 73 behind a flange 79 on the top 72 so as to be hidden thereby. The transparent 20 panels can thus be driven to resonate to act as loudspeakers, e.g. to add an audio element to the display of goods or an artefact in the cabinet.

The transparent panel 73 may be constructed as described above.

25 Figure 8 and 9 of the drawings show a module 80 comprising a visual display screen and a resonant panel-form loudspeaker generally of the kind described with reference to the embodiment of Figures 1 and 2 above. In

this case the module 80 is intended to form a self-supporting unit which can be manufactured for later assembly to form a finished article, e.g. a television, VDU or the like. The module comprises a generally rectangular frame 82 which may be of lightweight pressed metal, in or on which is rigidly mounted a visual display screen 81, e.g. a liquid crystal display, and over which screen 81 is resiliently suspended a rectangular transparent resonant panel-form member 83. The panel-form member 83 is suspended on a peripheral resilient strip 87 of foam rubber or the like supported on the frame 82. A resilient seal/suspension 85 e.g. of foam rubber strip is interposed between the edge of the screen 81 and the panel 83 to form a cavity 86 therebetween. Vibration exciters 87 are mounted on the peripheral margin of the panel 83 at positions outside the area of the screen 81 to excite the panel to resonate to act as a loudspeaker.

Figure 10 illustrates a vending machine 90 comprising a cabinet 91 having control panel 92 and a delivery or dispensing chute 93. The control panel 92 comprises a combined visual display and audio module 80 as described above in relation to Figures 8 and 9 to facilitate the functioning of the vending machine, and may also comprise additional functions as described below.

Figure 11 shows a visual display device 100 comprising a cabinet 101 housing a combined visual display/loudspeaker module 80 as described above in relation to Figures 8 and 9, the cabinet 101 having

generally conventional control buttons or knobs 102. The opposite sides of the transparent panel 83 forming the front cover over the display screen are formed with areas a to f respectively which are touch pads whereby the user can control the functioning of the device 100 simply by touching the appropriate pad.

Figures 12 to 16 show how touch pads can be applied to previously described embodiments of the invention. Thus Figure 12 shows touch pads o, p applied to the screen of a laptop computer 20, while Figure 13 shows touch pads h to m applied to the screen of a mobile telephone 40.

Figure 14 is a cross-sectional sketch showing the touch pads on a resonant panel.

Figures 15 and 16 show touch pads 88 applied to the resonant panel of a module 80 of the kind shown in Figures 8 and 9.

Figure 17 shows how the present invention can be applied to a cathode ray tube or plasma-screen television 110. It is to be noted that only the salient features of the invention are shown in the drawings. The case or cabinet of the television is omitted in the interests of clarity although the case or cabinet will function support the combined visual display 111 and loudspeaker, much as the lid of the laptop computer of Figures 1 and 2 functions to support the display/loudspeaker.

As shown in the drawing, a rectangular resonant panel 112 is disposed in front of the visual display 111 and the panel 112 is formed with a transparent window 114 having

rounded corners 114. Vibration exciters 115 are disposed on the marginal portions of the panel 112 outside the window 113, and on opposite sides thereof. Touch pads 116 are positioned along the lower edge of the window. If
5 desired the portion of the panel-form member outside the window may act as a mask to hide associated componentry, or a separate mask may be positioned over the panel-form member.

The invention thus provides an assembly combining the
10 functions of a visual display and loudspeaker(s) which enables the manufacture of a thin, space-efficient VDU or television or the like.